

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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W. P. WALTON.

BEAUTY IN THE BATH.

THE ROLLER RINKS DESERTED FOR A MORE SEASONABLE SPORT.

Modus Operandi of Teaching a School-Girl the Art of Swimming—First Lessons of the Prussian Army System—Queer Case.

[Cincinnati Enquirer.]

"Yes," remarked an athletic young man, as he twirled his light mustache and looked complacently at the natty bathing-suit which clothed him from neck to knee, "yes, our young ladies—and gentlemen, too, for that matter—are dropping skate-rollers and getting ready for the salt water rollers to be met with on the beaches at Newport and Old Point Comfort."

The place was a long hall, the floor of which had been cut away in the center, the space flanked on the sides and then heavily coated with cement, forming an enormous bath-tub, as it were. The floor of the tub, or basin, sloped so that when full of water at one end it was four feet deep; at the other six or eight. Spring-boards, trapezes, and a shower with a twelve-foot drop extended over the water, and down the sides of the hall were ranged about forty dressing-rooms. Boys of from 15 years of age up to men of 65 were splashing about in the basin, diving from the boards and swinging from the springs. While the professor talked he kept his eye on the bathers.

He continued: "To give you an idea of the steps taken in teaching the art to women, we will imagine that this boy here is a young woman of say 15 years of age."

The boy was a remarkably lean specimen. His mother would not call him handsome. He wore a triangular piece of striped muslin about his loins, and he was shouting, splashing water, and in company with a score of companions, doing his best to get 20 cents' worth of fun out of the water before his hour was up.

"Now we will imagine that this young man is a school girl who has come in here for the purpose of learning to swim. It is ladies' day, of course, and no one is present in the building but myself and a number of lady pupils. The first thing she does is to retire to a dressing-room and put on a bathing suit like this."

The suit was of blue flannel, and consisted of two pieces—a high-cut waist and skirt reaching to the knees in one piece; a pair of loose knickerbockers the other.

"The suit, as you see, is perfectly modest, and is a facsimile of the more common seaside costumes. I place a belt about her waist in this fashion. I fasten a short cotton rope to the belt thus. The end of the rope, as you see, is secured to a pole, and with that pole in my hands I walk to the edge of the basin. The young lady walks out into the water until she has reached a sufficient depth, and then when I say 'now,' she lies chest downward upon the water, the rope holding her in that position as securely and comfortably as can be. Then I say 'one,' and the young woman brings her arms around before her head with her hands together; 'two,' the hands are drawn in to the chest and the feet drawn up; 'three,' and the limbs are rapidly straightened out, while she feels like the feet of a frog in the act of swimming. Those three simple motions are gone through with a number of times in each lesson, and almost before she knows it our young woman can swim."

"This is the system as taught in the Prussian army, and I do not hesitate to say it is the best method of teaching the art as yet known. After the lady has attained some little ability, and can time the motions of her hands and feet so that they come together, I slacken the rope more or less, until in the course of time the pole is dispensed with altogether, and I follow with the end of the line in my hand while the pupil swims from end to end of the basin, through deep and shallow water alike. It is essential that she be taught to swim in water that is 'over head,' as the boys say. Of course it is just as hard to swim in shallow water as in water 100 feet deep; but, all the same, those swimmers who have attained the art in four feet of water can not always swim when they learn there is no accessible bottom under them."

"I had a curious case of that kind last week. A young woman came in from Walnut Hills. She swam about very gracefully in the shallow end of the basin for a time, but when I asked her, 'Why don't you swim up to the other end, where the water is deep?' she replied, 'I am afraid; I learned to swim in shallow water, and have never been out of my depth.'"

"I saw that she was fairly expert, so I persuaded her to swim out to the six-foot depth, taking the precaution, however, to fasten the beginner's rope about her waist. Suddenly she threw up her hands and would have gone but for the rope in my hands, which held her up and gently towed her out of the deeper place. She had not fainted, and was not cramped in any way, but had merely lost confidence as soon as she thought crossed her mind that she was swimming in deep water."

Captured by the Waiters.

[New York Sun.]

The other day at High Bridge a gentleman, with his wife and little boy, left a table in one of the beer pavilions and started for the door, leaving his cane behind him. Six waiters seized it and bore it to him in a body.

First (enthusiastically)—You forgot your cane, sir!

Second (triumphantly)—You forgot your cane, sir!

Third (confidentially)—You forgot your cane, sir!

Fourth (artlessly)—You forgot your cane, sir!

Fifth (hopefully)—You forgot your cane, sir!

Six (self-assertively)—You forgot your cane, sir!

The unhappy man took the cane regretfully, handed each waiter a quarter, and rejoined his wife timidly.

Wife (threateningly)—How much did you pay them?

Gentleman (despairingly)—Dollar and a half.

Wife (disgustfully)—And the cane cost?

Gentleman (glumly)—Fifteen cents.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

Larkin Briscoe was fined \$10 by the county judge Thursday morning on a charge of gambling.

A phaeton belonging to Mrs. Jas. Kenard collided with a buggy on Main street Tuesday morning when a wheel of the vehicle first struck was destroyed.

Mollie Godby and Fannie Merrim confessed judgement Wednesday morning before the police court on a charge of lewd conduct and associations and were fined \$5 each.

A Cincinnati Commercial evangelist, whose "entitlement" is Mr. Hukill, sent J. C. Masonheimer, the grocer, a postal card, on Wednesday on which was the following: "If it don't know I'll visit you about Friday. Don't meet me at the depot with a brass band."

Mr. J. H. Mitchell, of the West End and Mrs. George Ann Williams were married Wednesday evening by Eld. S. W. Crutcher and on Thursday morning the fair and blushing bride was arraigned before the county judge for keeping a house of "ill-shape" and was fined \$50 and costs.

Dr. K. W. Danlap is lying very ill with heart disease at the residence of his sister, Mrs. E. R. Jones. His friends have no hope of his recovery and but a faint one that he will ever leave his bed alive. Nearly all his children are here. Mrs. J. E. Van Winkle and her sister, Miss Bettie Dillon, have returned from a visit to Keokuk, Iowa.

Wakefield & Hudson bought of Sam Johnson, of Garrard, a 6-year-old mare mule 15½ hands at \$160. From Jas. Hill of same county a nice driving horse at \$130. Same firm sold Wednesday to Alford, Bettie & Co., New Orleans, 20 extra nice broke mare mules averaging 16 hands, 1 inch, the pick out of 40, head at \$220 each. Same New Orleans firm bought of H. Hendly 40 head green 15½ hand mules at \$167. From Nim Buster 14 head same class mules at same price.

Victor Boy has completed the smallest working revolver ever made. It is 1½ inches long, weighs less than half an ounce, and carries well enough to break a pane of glass 14 feet away.

LIFE.

[Clare Beatrice Coffey in Inter Ocean.]

To strive, to fail, to lose.
To struggle for some tantalizing prize,
To see another win the hard-fought race,
To chase the phantom that forever flies,
To fight, and beaten back
See others without effort gain the steep,
To long the unattainable to grasp,
To love, to hate, to weep.

To strike our fellow man,
To help the rabble mob, and hiss and jeer;
To know the depths of desolation's cup,
To hope to trust, to fear,
To look with envious eyes
When loudly peals some grand triumphal song.

To hide misfortune's meath a careless smile,
To suffer and be strong.

To pray, to watch, to trust,
To plead for strength, beseeching heaven only aid.

To falter in our faith when sharply falls
The lash of censure o'er our shoulders laid.

To slink beneath the cross,
To dare a battle of unending strife,
To give at last to death our joys and woes,
Thus ends the chapter of a human life.

DIPHTHERIA AND CROUP CURE.

Details of a Dangerous Case—Something Which is Worth Trying.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

In a report to the French Academy of Medicine, Dr. Delbelle stated that the vapors of liquid tar and turpentine would dissolve the fibrous exhalations which choke up the throat in croup and diphtheria. He describes the process thus: "To dissolve the parts (say two tablespoonfuls of turpentine and liquid tar, put them into a tin pan or cup and set fire to the mixture, taking care to have a large pan under it as safeguard against fire. A dense resinous smoke arises, making the room dark. The patient immediately seems to experience relief; the choking and the rattle stop; the patient falls into a slumber and seems to inhale the smoke with pleasure. The fibrous membrane soon becomes detached, and the patient coughs up microbes. These when caught in a glass may be seen to dissolve in the smoke. In the course of three or four days the patient is entirely recovered."

The above information has been quite largely copied into the papers, and with it the relief and cure of Rula Leekwood, a 9-year-old child, who was dangerously sick with diphtheria, but the disease readily yielded to the above mode of treatment, and the child was cured. A case occurring in Boston recently is worthy of note at this particular time, when the two forms of disease are quite prevalent. The facts in the case, in brief, are as follows:

Jennie Brown, a child of some 5 years of age, was dangerously sick with diphtheria; her attending physician had no hopes of her recovery; he declared to a person that out of the many cases under his treatment three were beyond cure, and little Jennie was one of that number. The father of the child had read of the above treatment, and on his own responsibility—and that, too, without consultation with the attending physician—he obtained the mixture, taking two tablespoonfuls of each, but he now considers that one of each would have been sufficient, and there would have been less danger of burning the carpet, etc. The child was in bed, breathing so loud that it could be heard all over the house; but as soon as the tar and turpentine began to burn she was relieved, and breathed quite freely, and soon commenced to cough and raise; and to the father's surprise and delight she commenced to gain from that moment. He followed up this treatment for three nights, the attending physician approving it, and the child today is well. The other two children alluded to above did not have this form of treatment, and they are numbered with the dead.

This remedy may not be an infallible cure in all cases, and with all persons, but surely it could do no harm in cases that have been given up as incurable by the medical men. The father said that he would advise the removal from the apartment where this treatment is to be applied of all articles that would be likely to be injured by the smoke of the ingredients, before setting fire to the mixture.

Letter From Kansas.

[To the Editor of the Interior Journal.]

MEDICINE LODGE, July 20.—This little city has a beautiful location, in fact the situation is all that could be desired, the town being on a ridge between the Medicine river and Elm creek. These two streams supply living water the year round. The centre of the town is on the backbone of this ridge and the main business street runs lengthwise. The gentle slope on either side is pretty well built up and the entire town is better drained than any other place that I have seen in the State, which makes it exceptionally healthy. There are several large business houses and a number of small ones. The church edifices are small and inferior, but they probably accommodate all who are disposed to attend. A few good people are entitled to much credit for what has been done at this line. The first thing that strikes the visitor is the number of brick buildings and side walks, the latter because of the scarcity of stone. Not much more than one half of Barbour county can properly be called farming land, although the land agents will claim that it is nearly all tillable. The real estate men complain of business being exceedingly dull, though after the customary plaint one of them confidentially informed me that he had sold two farms this week and had made a good thing out of them. Perhaps he did, it is not for me to be the first to doubt the word of a land agent, one of these guileless creatures who always tells you the bright, shiny features of the county and always throws dust in your eyes as to the dark side.

While there is not much wheat in south-west Kansas, say from Wellington, West, the fields that are growing look well, especially in Harper and Barbour counties, it is good when compared with other portions of the State. Corn looks well, being in many instances in shoot and tassel. Oats look well and will compare with any I have seen in Kentucky. The valleys of Barbour are fertile, at least the growing crops show up to the present time.

One thing is noticeable here and that is a general shiftness that seems to prevail. The portion of Barbour east of here has passed the sod house and dugout era and many comfortable houses or cabins are to be seen standing unsightly in their nakedness. Some are planting a few trees. That trees will grow here in a dwarf state is evident by the fact that around some of these farm houses are thirty trees. The natives carefully point out these spots, but when the traveler passes any of the 'homes' where only the house of sod and stable of hay and where chickens have to stand in each other's shade to keep out of the rays of the sun, and where the wife is starved for the sight of trees, either shade or fruit, nothing is said except about the cheap land and its richness. The average settler, passing by creek bottoms probably every week, fails to take home even a poor little cotton-wood switch, leaving wife and children to swelter in the concentrated heat of their little home unless perchance they are still gathered under a sod roof, which the wife with woman's ingenuity improves by planting flower seed on its top. These men praise the country and call it the "garden spot of the world" and thereby prove they are unfit to pull weeds in the fence corners of any progressive country. I asked several of these gentlemen why they did not set out trees. They said they did not have time, but would do it some time, yet I saw them sitting on the goods boxes in Medicine Lodge more than six hours talking a stream of nothing. There is not one of them that could not have planted at least two trees and thereby added two years to the lives of women brought from eastern homes to the miserable excuses where they are now compelled to eat and sleep. There remains too much of the cattle man instinct that leads one to search for gold, lay it up and keep in mind the home "back East." These men will not change and it remains for the new comer to change the face of this country and make it the paradise now claimed. Up to this time there are nine towns in this county though before this reaches you there may be half a dozen more. The county is growing and there must be a supply for the demand for towns. One town agent told me that he could make money from a town site that did not have a house within ten miles of it. His father was one of the town site men of eastern Kansas in its early days. Most of the settlers have come unprepared to meet financial reverses and are ready to sell out at a nominal price and move farther West to a better place to grow up with the country. By far the largest number of emigrants pass through to Comanche, Clark and Meade counties and even further West. They don't seem to fear the hot sirocco that may come and the cold blizzards that are sure to come. They are after land and will get it, but little else. J. M. COOPER

France has a new marine cannon whose weight is 37½ tons; length, 35½ feet; calibre, 13 inches; weight of projectile, from 922 to 1,320 pounds; weight of charge, 395 to 440 pounds of powder; initial velocity, 2,130 feet, and whose maximum range is from 10 to 11 miles.

Kansas, fount treeless and a desert by the pioneers, now bears upon its fertile bosom 20,000,000 fruit trees and 200,000 acres of forest trees, all planted by man. An increased rainfall is one well-established result.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

The Lancaster Base Ball club has been reorganized with Mr. W. W. White as captain.

The condition of ex Senator Bruce remains unchanged. Physicians have relinquished all hopes of his recovery.

We have it from reliable sources that Mr. William A. Arnold, of this place, will at an early date be appointed Deputy United States Marshal under Marshal Gross.

J. W. West and D. R. Collier bought the remaining five acres of the Dunlap property on Lexington street near the College, for \$900. Dwelling houses will be built at once.

The Trustees of the Public School purchased a fractional part of an acre of land on Lexington street from West & Collier, who will erect a public school building thereon, for \$900. This sum includes the building.

Mr. R. E. McRoberts found concealed behind a drawer in his safe fifty, five cent pieces dated 1866. They were bright and shiny and had evidently never been in circulation. Just who put them there and for what purpose, it will probably never be ascertained.

Minie Fastner, a colored woman, ate a water bucket full of apples Monday and died of cramp colic Tuesday evening. She had been drawing a pension for some time and an agent came here Tuesday to have it stopped as it had been developed she was not entitled to it. Death entered the game, however, and the agent's trip was fruitless.

A meeting of the Garrard county Sunday school Union convened at the Presbyterian church Tuesday morning and continued until Tuesday night. Large crowds were in attendance and the meeting was of great interest. Addresses were delivered by Revs. Goodloe, Wishard, Reid, McKee, Gibson and Stephenson. Essays were read by Miss Nellie Hopper and Mrs. B. M. Bardett, of this place. The solos by Rev. Wishard and Miss Gill were prominent features of the occasion.

James W. Tate is as much the nominee of the democratic party as if he had been declared so by the biggest convention in the State. The authority of the State Central and Executive Committees to place a candidate in the field under certain circumstances has been recognized time and again heretofore, and until this time has never been disputed, or even questioned. An issue is now made by a few individuals who have been disfellowed with other results, and have found this a convenient thing to growl over. It may be taken as a fact that, in less than thirty days, there will not be one of these parties who will not be ashamed of the ill nature and disaffection he has shown. —[Frankford Yeoman.]

THAT HACKING COUGH can be quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." For sale by Penny & McAllister.

ITCH cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Penny & McAllister, Druggists, Stanford; also by M. C. & D. N. Williams, Mt. Vernon.

What Will Surely Do It.

One's hair begins to fall out from many causes. The important question is, what is sure to make it grow again? According to the testimony of thousands, Parker's Hair Balm will do it. It quickly covers bald spots, restores the original color and causes the hair to grow cool and well. It is not dry, not greasy, highly perfumed, safe. Never disappoints those who require a nice, reliable dressing.

Tired and Languid Women.

How many women there are of whom these words are true: "They feel languid and tired, hardly able to bear their weight on their feet, the bloom all gone from their cheeks, irritable and cross without meaning to be, nervous all upset, worried with the children, fretted over little things, a burden to themselves and yet with no acute diseases." Want a tip? It is. But a few bottles of Parker's Tonic will drive all this away and relieve the troubles peculiar to their sex.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 13, 1878.

I have used and tested the "FAMOUS TOOTH WASH" and find it to be one of the best preparations for the teeth that has come under my notice. I can not but recommend it to my patients in many cases. Being entirely conformant with its ingredients, and sure there is nothing in the preparation that will be a benefit to the teeth and gums; and preserving the one and hardening the other; am convinced that it must prove especially beneficial in case of sore or ulcerated mouth and soft or spongy gums.

J. F. CANINE, D. D. S., 175 Fifth Street, near Walnut.

Prepared only by FAMOUS CHEMICAL CO., Louisville. For sale by M. L. Bourne, Stanford.

"Rough on Rats" clears out rats and mice. 15c. "Rough on Corns" for Corns and Bunions. 15c. Thin people, "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. 8c. "Rough on Toothache" gives instant relief. 15c. Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer." "Rough on Rats," great kidney and urinary cure. Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c. "Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; Liquid, 25c. For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer." "Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder. Try it. 15c. Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." 8c. Mother's Own Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation, tasteless. 25c. Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-Palpa." 8c. Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer." 8c. If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." 8c. Prevalence of Kidney complaints in America; Buchu-palpa is a quick, complete cure. 8c.

M'ROBERTS, & STAGG, DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACEUTISTS, Opera House Block, - - Stanford, Ky., - - DEALERS IN -

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INCORPORATION NOTICE

—OF THE—

KY. HEAT FENDER CO

Know all men by these presents that we, the undersigned, John W. Holmes, Henry Fulber, B. S. Hite, L. M. Lasley, R. H. Bronaugh, James B. H. Bronaugh, Henry Fulber, John W. Holmes and L. M. Lasley, have associated ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation under the provisions of Chap. 56 of the General Statutes of the State of Kentucky, entitled "Incorporated Companies." The name of the corporation shall be The Kentucky Heat Fender Co., and its principal place of business shall be in Crab Orchard, Lincoln county, Ky., and the general nature of the business to be transacted by said corporation is to manufacture and vend B. S. Hite's Patent Heat Fender Fruit and Cloth Dryer. No. of Letters Patent, 206,947. Patented August 13, 1878. The amount of capital stock authorized to be issued in the name of the corporation shall be now sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) divided into shares of one hundred dollars each. When thirty-five hundred dollars of the stock shall have been subscribed and fully paid up, the remaining fifty-six thousand, one hundred dollars of the capital stock shall be issued at such time as the Board of Directors of said corporation may authorize by unanimous vote at never less than one hundred dollars per share. The said corporation is to commence business on the first day of March, 1885, and to continue in business for the period of twenty-five years, unless sooner dissolved by a vote of the majority of the fully paid up capital stock. The affairs of said corporation shall be conducted and managed by a Board of Directors composed of five, and said Board of Directors shall be elected by stockholders annually on the first Monday in March of each year, and until the first regular election of said Board of Directors, M. J. Harris, R. H. Bronaugh, Henry Fulber, John W. Holmes and L. M. Lasley shall constitute and compose the Board of Directors of said corporation. The officers shall hold the office of Secretary and Treasurer, and said officers of said corporation shall be elected annually on the first Monday in March of each year by the Board of Directors, and to hold their respective offices until their successors are elected and qualified; and until the first regular election of said officers and until the persons elected shall have qualified, R. H. Bronaugh shall hold the office of President and Manager, M. J. Harris shall hold the office of Secretary and John W. Holmes shall hold the office of Treasurer of said corporation. The highest amount of indebtedness to which said corporation shall at any time subject itself shall be ten thousand dollars, and no indebtedness shall be incurred except by the unanimous vote of the Board of Directors. The private property of the stockholders shall be exempt from all corporate debts and liabilities. In testimony whereof, we hereunto subscribe our names this 15th day of June, 1885.

R. H. BRONAUGH, J. M. LASLEY, JOHN W. HOLMES, JAMES RICE, B. S. HITE, HENRY FULBER, M. J. HARRIS.

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TONIC, For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs, An Enfeebled System, Cures

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Nice to take, true merit, unequalled for

TORPID LIVER and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria, Leanness, Sexual Debility, &c. &c. 6c. per bottle, 6 for \$5.00, at Druggists.

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Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Disease of the Prostate Gland, Prostatic Swelling, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, All Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fluid," each \$1.

For Syphilis, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, \$1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilitic Pills, \$2.00; and Chapin's Syphilitic Salve, \$1.00 a bottle. Syrup, 2 of Pills, 1 Salve, by Express receipt of \$10.00, or at Druggists.

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DR. BIGGERS'

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CORDIAL

For the BOWELS.

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial is the great Southern remedy for cutting Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps-Colic and all bowel affections, and restoring the little one suffering such a drainage upon the system from the effects of worms. For sale by all druggists at 50 cents a bottle.

Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein will cure Coughs, Croup and Consumption. Price 50c. and \$1 a bottle.

Both for sale by Dr. M. L. BOURNE, Stanford.

The Mirror

is no flatterer. Would you make it tell a sweeter tale? Magnolia Balm is the charmer that almost cheats the looking-glass.

W. P. WALTON.

WE trust no democrat will be deceived into voting for Judge Fox by his specious plea. Pretending to be a democrat he parades as a prohibitionist, while his candidacy is almost in the sole interest of the republican party, which has given him its virtual endorsement and any decrease in the regular democratic majority will be heralded as a gain for it: Were it a fair, stand up fight on a prohibition issue alone, Judge Fox would poll only a few thousand votes, but by an alliance with the republicans he hopes to poll a numerically respectable vote, though he has not the slightest idea that he can do more than decrease Mr. Tate's majority. Some dissatisfaction is expressed in certain quarters in regard to the manner of the nomination of the latter gentleman, but this has been inspired more by a desire to find fault than any good reason. True he was nominated by the central and executive committees, but they had the right, supported by precedent, to do so when there were no other candidates and there was but one state officer to be nominated. It was the easiest, least costly and the best way under the circumstances and the committee should be praised, not blamed for their action. The nominee, Mr. James W. Tate, is a tried and true democrat and is as much the nominee as if the whole party had declared him so and it is the duty of every democrat to go to the polls and vote for him. We must not allow republican and prohibition trickery to reduce our majority in the State the first year of the national democratic administration. Let every democrat therefore vote for Tate and put the seal of condemnation on a so-called democrat, who permits himself to be used to its destruction by consorting and combining with the enemy.

THE trial of Craig Tolliver and eight others, for murder most foul, has ended at Morehead in a disagreement of the magistrates, which according to the law, released the defendants. It is said that the magistrate who decided against law and order, went on the bench with his mind made up and not to be changed by evidence, to release the murderers and great indignation is felt towards him by the peace loving citizens. It is a great pity that the State troops should have been forced to the scene to assist in such a farce, but the laws are defective and demand to be changed. Attorney General Hardin is deserving of the warmest praise for the masterly manner in which he prosecuted the offenders, but even his strong arguments could not affect a court with its mind fully made up to acquit. The troops will now return home, but it is not their fault that they have accomplished nothing. It is some consolation to know however that Tolliver was not permitted to enjoy his ill gotten freedom, for immediately upon his discharge he was arrested on a requisition from Ohio, where he is wanted for robbery. It is also said that he killed a man in effecting it. He was lodged in jail against the strong protests of his friends and Wednesday taken in irons and chained to his seat to the scene of his crime, where it is hoped the law will be enforced against him.

It is not certain that the democrats will have a majority in both branches of congress during Mr. Cleveland's term of office. The question is decided against them for the present Congress, for though they have a majority of 39 in the House, the defeat of Morrison by Logan in Illinois places them in a minority of eight in the Senate. This is inconvenient for the Administration for it can neither enact nor repeal laws, or obtain the confirmation of its appointments without the consent of its opponents. This will be the situation, with no hope of change, through the first two years of the democratic administration. The terms of nine democratic and sixteen republican Senators expire with the present Congress, but the democrats will have to elect a successor to each of the nine and gain five from the republicans to secure a majority. The N. Y. Sun says: "The situation is not perfectly assuring to the democrats, but a victory for them in both branches of the next Congress is by no means out of the question. If they would win, they must strike home, and some of their best blows must be dealt this fall, when parts of several State Legislatures are to be chosen which will elect some of the twenty-five new Senators."

If Kentucky had a Court of Appeals like Michigan, which does not search for technicalities and loop holes to free law breakers from penalties imposed by the lower courts, the reign of lawlessness which now disgraces the State would soon come to a full stop. Up in Michigan a couple of three card monte men were tried for swindling a victim and convicted of larceny. The case was appealed but the Judge promptly ruled as follows and we commend it to our court at Frankfort for its future guidance: "We do not think it profitable to draw overnice metaphysical distinctions to save thieves from punishment. If rogues conspire to get away a man's money by such tricks as those which are played here, it is not going beyond the settled rules of law to hold that the fraud amounts to stealing."

THE only really sensible interview we ever read from Joe Blackburn appeared in the Louisville Commercial, but he knocked all the fat in the fire by denying that he used the language attributed to him. He ought to have let that one stand and denied the many silly ones charged to him.

DEATH OF GEN. GRANT.

GEN. U. S. GRANT, the great soldier, has surrendered at last to the grim destroyer, his death occurring yesterday morning at 8 o'clock at Mt. McGregor. The Louisville Times in referring to his approaching death paid the general this deserved eulogy: "He has rounded out his days, and death, whatever may have been its terrors in the past, will be welcomed now by the suffering man, who has felt his life slipping surely and painfully away during the tedious months of his illness. Throughout the Union, South as well as North, the sense of sadness at his going will be tempered by the reflection that his speechless agony is at an end; that the suffering and sorrows of his declining days can disturb him no more. His life-work done, his career ended, he sinks into the rest of the grave at a time when he has more true friends than at any other period of his life. God rest his soul in peace."

THE Frankfort Yeoman is conducted by gentlemen of known honor and integrity, who could not be bought or driven into making a false statement concerning the State debt. We shall therefore accept its figures in preference to the Louisville Commercial's, Col. Morrow's or those from any other republican source. These latter went in to discover a mare's nest and intended to cackle whether they did or not. If the Commercial would look at the facts as they stand and not through its republican goggles everything democratic would not look so intensely blue to it.

THE democratic ticket is James W. Tate for State Treasurer and Maj. F. D. Rigney for Senator. But when you vote your duty is only half done. See that you are recorded "for calling a constitutional convention, yes."

WE have a long explanatory letter from Judge W. M. Beckner, received yesterday too late for this issue. He is after us about some comments on his Berea speech and we will give him space in our Tuesday's paper.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—The town of Skidmore, Mo., burned. Loss, \$100,000.

—Judge William Lindsey says he is a candidate for the U. S. Senate to succeed Mr. Beck.

—Hon. J. A. Munday, of Owensboro, has been appointed Special Agent for the General Land Office.

—A. C. Quisenberry, an old and deserving newspaper man, is to be a deputy under Collector Robinson, we are glad to learn.

—Judge R. A. Burton, of Marion county, has been appointed a Deputy Collector by Collector Atilla Cox, and will assume the duties of his office on August 1.

—During the year ending June 30, 387,821 immigrants arrived in the United States, being 122,013 less than the immigration during the preceding fiscal year.

—In the United States there are 24 corn starch factories. They make 250,000,000 pounds of starch per year, of which 190,000,000 pounds are used in this country.

—The King of Dahomey has recently captured and massacred almost 1,000 French residents of his realm. The unfortunate will be barbecued for a national feast.

—A German farmer living near Bloomington, Ill., indignant at his wife for suing for a divorce, drove all his stock into his barn and set fire to it, perishing in the flames himself.

—Judge M. C. Alford has resigned as Judge of the Lexington Police Court to make the race for State Senate and Col. Mat Walton is announced for the vacancy with no opposition.

—At Bedford, Ia., Ida Kimball, a beautiful child, aged fifteen, the daughter of a leading business man, shot and killed W. T. Giles, a prominent music dealer. She claims that Giles seduced her.

—"Ex-Rebel Brigadier" Mahone is complimented by a correspondent as a skillful and graceful dancer, but he will have to hop around pretty lively if he expects to elect his ticket, or any part of it, in the coming Virginia election.

—Barnum's big elephant, "Albert," was killed in the presence of 2,000 spectators at Keene, N. H. He had killed his keeper, and was taken to a woods, chained to a tree, and shot by thirty-three members of the Keene Light Guard.

—Mrs. Smith, the widow of Pate Strickline, who was murdered by Floyd Williams, had her trial at the special term of the Wolfe county court, charged with complicity in the murder of her husband, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for ninety-nine years.

—The democrats and republicans of Rowan county, desirous of a peaceful solution of the troubles which so long distracted the public peace of that county, have nominated a fusion ticket for county officers, a republican for sheriff and a democrat for his deputy.

—The new Assistant Postmaster General, Mr. Stevenson, is making things lively in his department. Mr. Hay used to grind out about fifteen new democratic postmasters per day. The new man is said to create from fifty to a hundred every twenty-four hours.

—The Washington correspondent of the Louisville Times telegraphs that the President has appointed 450 postmasters to date, leaving 1,783 to be named. There are about 51,000 fourth-class postmasters appointed by the Postmaster General. Of this number 3,500 have been filled by democrats since March 4.

—Judge Leala, at Greensburg, issued an order that all parties entering the court should be searched. In consequence of this two men were found with pistols in their pockets. One was placed under bond and the other sent to jail. Mike Rogers, shot by the Edwards party on Monday, was alive at last accounts, but not expected to live.

GEO. O. BARNES.

A Visit to the Vatican, the Wonder of Wonders.

ALWAYS PRAISING THE LORD.

"PROSPECT POINT," LANDOUR, N. INDIA, June 16th, 1885.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST ISSUE.]

It is impossible to write down the deep impression made by the largest if not handsomest church on the planet. We walked under the towering immensity of the grand dome, and nave and aisles, amazed and still wondering the more the longer we looked, and that is all I can say, except to put down a few items, well known to travelers and in all the guide books. How the original church was erected by the Emperor Constantine on the site of the circus of Nero, where St. Peter is said to have suffered martyrdom. Of course Protestants will protest to the end of time, that St. Peter was never in Rome at all, and Romanists will aver that he was and that his remains are now under the great dome of this great cathedral. I decline to take sides, except to say that while I was in St. Peter's, I heartily wished the catholics might be right and half believed they were. But "the wish was doubtless father to the thought."

Well, this has been a sacred spot for many centuries. In the year 800 Charlemagne was crowned emperor here and since then, many potentates have been invested with royal authority by many Popes, and the round slab of porphyry on which they stood to be crowned by the head of the Romish church, is still close to the great central door on the present pavement.

A church 1,500 years old is a very venerable relic, and I do not envy the sectarian bigotry that can despise St. Peter.

As is well known, in 1450 Nicholas V., one of the architecturally inclined among the "Holy Fathers," determined to reconstruct the old basilica on a grand scale; but died when the walls were only a few feet high. His successors having other things on hand, 50 years passed before the work was resumed, under Julius II.

I had always thought Michael Angelo planned St. Peter's. But he only carried out another plan. Bramante, of whom I never heard till I went to Rome, was the architect, and in accordance with his plan the foundation stone was laid in 1506; but he did not live long after that and his plan was not carried out by those who were entrusted with the work. Various tinkers patched away at it, until in 1546, to his everlasting honor, Michael Angelo, getting control, rescued Bramante's mutilated plan and proceeded to carry it out. He made a lasting monument to himself in the glorious dome, that he only lived to finish the drum of, but left behind him models and drawings from which inferior hands could carry out what the master head and hand designed. But again tinkers came to the front and marred the majestic simplicity of the original plan, and hid the grand dome by a long projecting nave, contrary to the design of Bramante and Michael Angelo. The effect they intended the dome to produce can not now be appreciated except from a considerable distance. So architects say. I don't know anything about it. I believe them of course, and the guide books; but I must say that I was so paralyzed with surprise and wonder and delight at the grandeur and beauty still left, that I would never have discovered all these blunders if I had not been told about them. Nor did I see them, even after being apprised of the facts in the case. The fact is I went to enjoy St. Peter's and not to get into a controversy on orders of architecture. So I did enjoy it, and was not rasped in mind at all by the mistakes that Popes planned and architects carried out.

At last in 1626, the grand cathedral as it now stands, substantially, was consecrated by Pope Urban VIII, on the 18th of Nov., on the 1,300th anniversary of the day on which Pope Silvester is said to have consecrated the original church, built by the Emperor Constantine. It cost largely over fifty millions of dollars.

Personally, the blessed apostle, in honor of whom it was built, is worthy of even a grander monument. But I think he would rather have all that money scattered among the poor of earth, to feed and clothe the widows and orphans, than heaped in marble and mosaics above his poor, mutilated remains if they are indeed there. And I think the lesson may even come home to our modern christianity in many parts of the world; where gorgeous temples are erected to the name of the good God, at fabulous cost; while in the shadow of the lofty spires, crouch hunger and squalor and gaunt poverty; and God's dear children, even, know not which way to turn for a crust of bread. "My brethren, these things ought not so to be."

If any are curious to know the measurement of this greatest of churches, I will just add from authentic sources: Length 213 yards within, or including portico 232 yards. The dome from the pavement to the summit of the gilded cross 435 feet. Diameter of dome 138 feet. It rises 308 feet above roof. Compared with the length of St. Peter's interior (213 yards) we have St. Paul's in London 170 yards; Cathedral at Milan 148 yards; at Florence 163 yards; St. Paul's at Rome 139 yards; all babies to this giant. The outer court is very grand. It is a square preceded by an elliptical space, enclosed by wonderful colonnades, from the master hand of Bernini. Each contains 4 series of columns, and two round slabs on either side in a certain position, mark spots from which the spectator can only see one row, the other three being so completely hidden as to seem but a single array of columns.

In the centre of this elliptical space, stands a great Obelisk brought from Egypt to Rome by Caligula; remarkable further as

the only monument of the kind at Rome, which has never been overthrown. Magnificent fountains 45 feet in height, stand on either side of the Obelisk. Altogether the approach is worthy of the incomparable structure it adorns.

To the right, at the end of the colonnades, is the brazen gate or entrance to the Vatican, where we went another day.

Rome, Monday, Feb. 23d.—To-day we visited the Vatican! Wonder of wonders! Wealth of master pieces! Treasures untold of art and science! Who can describe this city of a palace; with its 20 courts and 11,000 halls, chapels, saloons and private apartments; and 200 stairways, and—and—and? The famous "Sais guard" keeps watch over the fading grandeur of the papacy. A detachment is always on duty at the brazen gate entrance, with gorgeous uniforms, covered with an outer coat, but if you get one of them to go into the guard room he will uncover and allow you to admire the artistic clothing devised by Michael Angelo. It is exquisitely gorgeous. The flashing crimson livery of the palace servants that you meet with again and again as you make the rounds, is of his designing also. These twin children of his taste are in perfect keeping with the noble surroundings of the Vatican. The Sistine Chapel with ceiling and altar-wall wholly painted by his cunning hand is the first thing one is shown after the grand stairway has been mounted and admired—the Scala Regia: And right "royal" stairs they are and quite worthy of being the entrance to the largest palace in the world.

Then, in dazzling and bewildering turn one passes through room after room, wholly adorned by Raphael, by Angelo, by Guido, by the first masters of many ages; on to the room where the peerless and priceless "transfiguration" of Raphael, is mounted on its separate easel; on through suites of apartments crowded with rare works of art, the Apollo Belvedere; the Mercury Belvedere, the 3 master pieces of Canova, his Boxer, Wrestler and Perseus with Medusa's head; on to the great Library, down whose corridor vista we looked till a man turned to a boy at the further end: All these passed like a panorama before our wondering eyes, leaving us half stupefied with amazement when we got to the end.

The Pope's carriages are worthy of mention; three in number; with the astounding harness for the horses, hanging on racks beside them. Ponderous, gorgeous and gilded—throwing quite into the shade the hitherto unapproachable grandeur of our own Lord Mayor's "gilded coach"—never to emerge again, for comparison with the vehicles of "His Holiness." There were the "1st Gala," "medium Gala" and "ordinary"—ordered out as the occasion required extra display or a simple siring; but the papacy is under a cloud and "the church" sits widowed in the Vatican now, in the person of her reputed Head. The Pope goes out in state no more. His carriages have not turned a wheel since '70, his horses rattle their halter chains idly in the grand stable, he never leaves his palace now, nor goes to mass at St. Peter's; nor does anything the old Pope did in public nor will he till his "temporal authority" is restored and his "ridled" civil "sovereignty" is given back. Let us hope the carriages will never be thus used again, and that the "Holy Father" will stick to what was good enough for St. Peter and St. Paul—ecclesiastical privilege and right.

[CONTINUED NEXT ISSUE.]

MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Managed by Jno. B. Fish.

—The dry weather is making the corn turn yellow.

—Geo. Doll, a popular boot and shoe drummer was in town yesterday. Wm. M. Weber, of Knoxville, Tenn., is visiting at this place.

—The day of the election draweth nigh, but there is not much excitement this time. We think everything will go off quietly and without much noise.

—For the next four weeks things will be lively at this place. The Teacher's Institute will begin next Monday and hold for five days. Then the election and on the M. C. day following that circuit court will convene. The indications are that the docket for this term of court will be very light.

—We have not heard of any one applying for the position of "correspondent for the INTERIOR JOURNAL" from this place. Perhaps they think it would be too hard work to write news for so newsway a paper. We are ready and willing to relinquish our "position" to any one who will undertake to do better than we have tried to do, and who will suit the editor. Hope all will not speak at once. (You suit us O. K. when you write, but you do not write often enough. Ed.)

—One hundred and thirty-five convicts were sent from the Kentucky Penitentiary yesterday, to work in the coal mines in Western Kentucky.

—Lord Lonsdale and Sir George Chetwynd have had a fistie encounter, growing out of the attention each was paying to Mrs. Langtry.

—O. D. Brown, who killed the town marshal of Versailles several years ago, was given 14 years in the penitentiary Wednesday. We hope he will have to serve it.

—In accordance with the advice of Gen. Sheridan, the Secretary of the Interior has decided to turn over to the War Department the complete control of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservation in the Indian Territory.

—Out of twenty-eight infected cattle in Mr. Joseph Bond's herd in Scott county, nine died and nineteen were slaughtered Saturday evening. The spread of the disease has therefore been stopped in its incipency.

—At Summershade, Ky., two attacks of Wallace & Co's circus became involved in a row with Wm. Grimley. One of the men kicked Grimley, who retaliated by stabbing and killing his assailant. Another showman took up the fight, but was dispatched by the knife of White, a friend of Grimley's.

To Our Friends & Patrons:

Beginning with July 1, 1885, we announce our third year's business in Stanford. Our trade has been far beyond our expectations; a gradual increase month after month. We take this opportunity of thanking you for your very liberal patronage and assure that in our various branches our motto shall be "The Best Goods for the Least Money." Again thanking you for favors, we hope to see all of old customers and many new ones in the coming year. Respectfully,

BRIGHT & CURRAN.

W. H. HIGGINS,

—DEALER IN—

Hardware, Horse Shoes, Groceries, Saddles, Iron, Nails, Queensware, Buggy Whips, Buggy Wheels, Stoves, Cane Mills, Harness, Spokes, Grates, Cider Mills, Lap Covers, Rhus, Stoneware, Corn Shellers, Collars,

Oliver Chilled, Champion Steel and Brinley Combined Plows, Wooden and Cast Pumps, and the Celebrated Mayfield Elevator. Tin Roofing and Gutting will have prompt attention. Salesmen: W. B. McKinney, John Bright, Jr.

THE NEW GROCERY AND HARDWARE HOUSE OF TAYLOR BROS. HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Would kindly ask your attention to the fact that they have just returned from the cities with a large, fresh and well selected stock of CHOICE

FAMILY GROCERIES

In endless variety, dainty in quality and satisfactory in price; this we guarantee. Our aim shall be at all times to supply every want in our line.

OUR HARDWARE AND POCKET CUTLERY

Consists of the Standard Brands of Europe and America. Our large line of Cooking Stoves includes the justly celebrated "Great Western Reserve" and many other family favorites. Our China, Glass and Queensware stock consists in part of Table, Tea and Chamber Sets complete, Glassware richly cut and etched. In the way of Breadstuffs we name Buckwheat Flour, the queen of all tribes. Our celebrated Patent "G. M." Flour, unrivaled for cake and pastry, while Rice and Hominy, our own patriotic products, are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits are here. We can make it to your interest, we confidently ask an examination of our goods and your patronage. Respectfully, TAYLOR BROTHERS.

Penny & M'Alister

PHARMACISTS.

Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

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The Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware

Ever brought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired on short notice and Warranted.

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Dealer in Furniture!

A Full and complete assortment of Furniture, embracing everything from the Cheapest to the Finest Parlor Suites. No need to go to the large cities to make your purchases, no matter what quantity or quality you want, as I can and will duplicate any prices you can obtain elsewhere, freight being added. Also a full assortment of Coffins, Cases, Shrouds and Robes, embracing all the New Styles, both cheap and expensive. Ware rooms opposite St. Asaph Hotel, Stanford, Ky.

